

WILDLAND FIRE RISK AND HAZARD SEVERITY ASSESSMENT FORM

Assign a value to the most appropriate element in each category and place the number of points in the column on the right.

<u>Element</u>	<u>Points</u>
A. Means of Access	
1. Ingress and Egress	
a. Two or more roads in/out	0
b. One road in/out	7
2. Road Width	
a. ≥ 7.3 m (24 ft.)	0
b. ≥ 6.1 m (20 ft) and < 7.3 m (24 ft.)	2
c. < 6.1 m (20 ft)	4
3. All-Season Road Condition	
a. Surfaced road, grade $< 5\%$	0
b. Surfaced road, grade $> 5\%$	2
c. Non-surfaced road, grade $< 5\%$	2
d. Non-surfaced road, grade $> 5\%$	5
e. Other than all-season	7
4. Fire Service Access	
a. ≤ 91.4 m (300 ft.) with turnaround	0
b. > 91.4 m (300 ft) with turnaround	2
c. < 91.4 m (300 ft) with no turnaround	4
d. ≥ 91.4 m (300 ft) with no turnaround	5
5. Street Signs	
a. Present {10.2 cm (4 in.) in size and reflectorized}	0
b. Not present	5
B. Vegetation (Fuel Models)	
1. Characteristics of Predominate Vegetation Within 91.4 m (300 ft.)	
a. Light (e.g., grasses, forbs, sawgrasses, and tundra)	5
NFDRS Fuel Models A, C, L, N, S, and T	

b. Medium (e.g., light brush and small trees)	10
<hr/> NFDRS Fuel Models D, E, F, H, P, Q, and U	
c. Heavy (e.g., dense brush, timber, and hardwoods)	20
<hr/> NFDRS Fuel Models B, G, and O	
d. Slash (e.g., timber harvesting residue)	25
<hr/> NFDRS Fuel Models J, K, and L	
2. Defensible Space	
a. More than 30.48 m (100 ft) of vegetation treatment from the structure(s)	1
b. 21.6 m to 30.48 m (71 ft. to 100 ft.) of vegetation treatment from the structure(s)	3
c. 9.14 m to 21.3 m (30 ft. to 70 ft.) of vegetation treatment from the structure(s)	10
d. <9.14 m (30 ft.) of vegetation treatment from the structure(s)	25
<hr/> C. Topography Within 91.4 m (300 ft.) of Structure(s)	
1. Slope <9%	1
2. Slope 10% to 20%	4
3. Slope 21% to 30%	7
4. Slope 31% to 40%	8
5. Slope >41%	10

WILDLAND FIRE RISK AND HAZARD SEVERITY ASSESSMENT FORM (continued)

<u>Element</u>	<u>Points</u>
D. Additional Rating Factors (rate all that apply)	
1. Topographical features that adversely affect wildland fire behavior	0-5
2. Areas with a history of higher fire occurrence than surrounding area due to special situations (e.g., heavy lightning, railroads, escaped debris burning, and arson)	0-5
3. Areas that are periodically exposed to unusually severe fire weather and strong dry winds	0-5
4. Separation of adjacent structures that can contribute to fire spread	0-5
E. Roofing Assembly	
1. Class A Roof	0
2. Class B Roof	3
3. Class C Roof	15
4. Non-rated	25
F. Building Construction	
1. Materials (predominate)	
a. Noncombustible/fire-resistive siding, eaves, and deck (see Chapter 8)	0
b. Noncombustible/fire-resistive siding and combustible deck	5
c. Combustible siding and deck	10
2. Building Setback Relative to Slopes of 30% or More	
a. >9.14 m (30 ft.) to slope	1
c. <9.14 m (30 ft) to slope	5
G. Available Fire Protection	
1. Water Source Availability	
a. Pressurized water source availability	
1892.7 L/min (500 gpm) hydrants \leq 304.8 m (1000 ft) apart	0
946.4 L/min (250 gpm) hydrants \leq 304.8 m (1000 ft.) apart	7
b. Non-pressurized water source availability (off site)	
\geq 946.4 L/min (250 gpm) continuous for 2 hours	3
<946.4 L/min (250 gpm) continuous for 2 hours	5

c. Water Unavailable	10
2. Organized Response Resources	
a. Station \leq 8 km (5 mi.) from structure	1
b. Station $>$ 8 km (5 mi.) from structure	
3. Fixed Fire Protection	
a. NFPA 13, 13R, 13D sprinkler system	0
b. None	5

H. Placement of Gas and Electric Utilities

1. Both underground	0
2. One underground, one above ground	3
3. Both above ground	5

I. Totals for Home or Subdivision (Total of all points)

--

Hazard Assessment	Total Points
Low Hazard	<40
Moderate Hazard	40 – 69
High Hazard	70 -112
Extreme Hazard	